

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.unpto.gov

| APPLICATION NO.  | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/510,643   | 05/23/2005  | Catherine Castan     | 022290.0120PTUS     | 1869             |
| 32042 7590 08/24/2010<br>PATTON BOGGS LLP<br>8484 WESTPARK DRIVE |             |                      | EXAM                | IINER            |
|  |             |                      | HELM, CARALYNNE E   |                  |
| SUITE 900<br>MCLEAN, VA  | 22102       |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
| menning 77   | 22102       |                      | 1615                | •                |
|  |             |                      |                     |                  |
|  |             |                      | MAIL DATE           | DELIVERY MODE    |
|  |             |                      | 05/24/2010          | PAPER            |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Interview Summary

(1) CARALYNNE HELM (PTO personnel)

 Application No.
 Applicant(s)

 10/510,643
 CASTAN ET AL.

 Examiner
 Art Unit

 CARALYNNE HELM
 1615

(3)LACY KOLO (applicants' representative)

All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel):

| .,   | `/   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (2) ROBERT WAX (PTO personnel).  | (4)  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Interview: 11 May 2010.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type: a)☐ Telephonic b)☐ Video Conference c)☑ Personal [copy given to: 1)☐ applicant   | 2) applicant's representative]   |  |  |  |  |
| Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: d) Yes If Yes, brief description:  | e)⊠ No.  |  |  |  |  |
| Claim(s) discussed: <u>1-5, 7-11, and 13-27</u> .  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identification of prior art discussed: <u>Carvais et al., Autant et al., Santus et al. (EP 0359195), and Banks et al. (Modern Pharmaceutics volume 121 4<sup>th</sup> edition Informa Health Care 2002 pg396-397)</u>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agreement with respect to the claims f)☐ was reached.  | g)⊠ was not reached. h)□ N/A.  |  |  |  |  |
| Substance of Interview including description of the gener reached, or any other comments: <u>See Continuation Shee</u>   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (A fuller description, if necessary, and a copy of the amendments which the examiner agreed would render the claims allowable, if available, must be attached. Also, where no copy of the amendments that would render the claims allowable is available, a summary thereof must be attached.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| GIVEN A NON-EXTENDABLE PERIOD OF THE LONGE   | he last Office action has already been filed, APPLICANT IS<br>R OF ONE MONTH OR THIRTY DAYS FROM THIS<br>ITERVIEW SUMMARY FORM, WHICHEVER IS LATER, TO |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

/Caralynne Helm/ Examiner, Art Unit 1615 /Robert A. Wax/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1615

### Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record
A complete written statement as to the substance of any factor-bace, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application where or not an apprenent with the examiner was reached at the interview.

# Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

#### 37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged only promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to with there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant of the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal Interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate. the Form should be mailed ormountly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the interview Summay Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

- A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:
- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the
- Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
  - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully
  - describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

### **Examiner to Check for Accuracy**

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Application No. 10/510,643

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comments: Kolo described the invention and the surprise of the inventions when the claimed coating composition was stable when used on particles suspended in an aqueous medium and that Carvais et al. did not provide such information about their suspension, Helm inquired why this result was so surprising. Kolo indicated that it was counter-intuitive to include a coated particle whose coating included hydrophilic components in an aqueous medium because one would expect the coating to fall apart. Kolo also pointed to Santus et al. and Banks et al. and their discussions of the difficulty in obtaining stable oral suspensions. Kolo went to explain that the particular coating composition in the instant case was unique because of its particular combination of components. Helm and Wax questioned the unexpectedness of a stable coating in aqueous suspension that is claimed to include upwards of 90% hydrophotic components. Helm inquired about the range of claimed proportions and the existence of a threshold in component proportions where the "unexpected" stability occurs (e.g. comparison of pre-storage and post-storage release profiles for various formulations that span the claimed range). Wax inquired sout the constituents in the suspending medium and their contribution to the coating stability. Kolo indicated that she would look into the presence of such components.